Pellaea wrightiana in North Carolina and the Question of its Origin, by W. H. Wagner, Jr. J. Elisha Mitchell Sci. Soc. 81: 95–103. 1965.—Pellaea wrightiana has not been known previously east of Texas, and consequently the discovery of it in North Carolina recently is rather surprising. The author believes that the Carolina population is a "relict of an ancient center of origin." I would not rule out myself the possibility of an intentional or accidental introduction in fairly recent times. The Carolina population is tetraploid, and is considered to have arisen by hybridization between P. longimucronata and P. ternifolia, with a subsequent doubling of the chromosomes; thus it should be regarded as a species and not as a variety of either of the two species mentioned above.—C. V. M.

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